

COMPONENTS

- 1 map of Europe
- 240 Colored Train Cars (45 each in Blue, Red, Green, Yellow and Black, plus some extra replacement cars in each color)
- 15 Colored Train Stations (three each, matching the trains' colors)
- 158 Illustrated cards including:


110 Train Car cards : 12 of each color, plus 14 Locomotives

46 Destination
Ticket cards



- 5 Wooden Scoring Markers (1 each of the 5 players' colors)
- 1 Rules booklet
-1 Days of Wonder Online access number (located on back of Rules)


SETTING UP THE GAME
Place the board in the center of the table. Each player receives a set of 45 Co lored Train Cars, a matching set of three Colored Train Stations and the corresponding Scoring Marker. Each player places his Scoring marker on Start 1 on the Scoring Track running along the map's border. Throughout the game, each time a player scores points, he will advance his marker accordingly. Shuffle the Train cards and deal a starting hand of four cards to each player (2. Place the remaining deck of Train cards near the board, then turn the top five cards from the deck face up, and lay them one next to the other (3).
Place the European Express Bonus and the Summary card, face up, next to the board, as a reminder to the players 4.
Take the deck of Destination Tickets and separate the long routes (the six Destination Tickets with a blue background) from the regular routes; Shuffle the long routes, and randomly deal one to each player (5). Put any remaining long routes back in the game box without letting anyone see them. Now shuffle the regular Destination Tickets - all short routes with a plain background -, deal three to each player (6) and place the remainder in a draw pile face down, next to the board. You are now ready to begin.

Beginning of the Game
Before taking their first turn, players must choose which Destination Tickets they will keep from among those they were initially dealt. Each player must keep a minimum of two tickets although they may keep more. Put any Destination Tickets you wish to discard back in the game box without letting any of the other players see them. The Tickets that are put away may either be long routes or regular ones. The tickets you decide to keep are held until the end of the game.

OBdECT OF THE GAME
The object of the game is to score the highest number of total points. Points can be scored by:

- Claiming a Route between two adjacent cities on the map;
- Successfully completing a Continuous Path of routes between two cities listed on your Destination Ticket(s);
- Completing the Longest Continuous Path of routes to win the European Express Bonus card;
- And for each Train Station kept in reserve at the end of the game.

The Game Turn
The player who has visited the most European countries in his lifetime begins the game, and play then proceeds clockwise. On his turn, a player must perform one (and only one) of the following four actions:
Draw Train Car Cards - The player may draw two Train cards (or just one, if the card he selects is a face-up Locomotive. See Locomotives for special rules);
Claim a Route - The player claims a route on the board by playing a set of Train cards from his hand that match the color and quantity of the spaces that make up the route. He places one of his colored trains on each space, and scores the number of points indicated on the Route Scoring Table for that route's length;
Draw Destination Tickets - The player draws three Destination Tickets from the top of the Tickets deck, and must keep at least one of them;
Build a Train Station - The player may build a Station in any city that does not yet have one. To build his first Train Station, the player plays one Train card of any color and places one of his Train Stations on that city. To build his second station, a player must play a set of two cards of the same color, and to build his third station a set of three cards of the same color.

Drawing Train cards
There are eight types of regular Train cards, in quantities of 12 each, and 14 Locomotive cards. The colors of each type of Train card match the colors of various routes between cities on the board - Purple, Blue, Orange, White, Green, Yellow, Black, and Red.
If a player chooses to draw Train cards, he may draw two cards per turn. Either of these cards can be drawn from the five face-up cards next to the board or from the top of the deck (blind draw). If drawing a face-up card, the player must immediately replace it with a new card taken from the top of the draw pile. If a player selects a face-up Locomotive
card, it is the only card he may pick this turn (see Locomotives).
If, at any time, three of the five face-up Train cards are Locomotives, all five cards are immediately discarded, and five new cards turned face-up to replace them.
A player may have any number of cards in his hand at any time. When the draw pile is exhausted, the discards are reshuffled into a new draw pile deck. The cards must be shuffled thoroughly, since they will usually have been discarded in sets.
In the unlikely event there are no cards left in the deck, and no discards available to shuffle as a result of players hoarding cards in their hands, a player will not be able to draw Train cards. He must then Claim a Route, Draw Destination Tickets or Build a Station.

## Locomotives

Locomotives are multi-colored, and act as wild cards in the game.
Locomotive cards can be played along with any set of cards when claiming a route. They are also vital to claiming Ferry routes (see Ferries).
If a face-up Locomotive card is picked during a card draw, it must be the only card picked that turn. If a Locomotive is turned over as a replacement for a first card drawn during the turn, or if a Locomotive is available face-up but not picked up as the first (and only) card, it cannot be selected as a second card.

However, if a player is lucky enough to get a Locomotive from the top of the deck in a blind draw, it still counts as a single card and he may still draw a total of two cards that turn.


## Claiming Routes

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A route is a set of continuous colored spaces (in some instances, gray
spaces) between two adiacent cities on the map. To claim a route, a spaces) between two adjacent cities on the map. To claim a route, a
player must playa set of Train cards whose color and quantity match the color and number of spaces of the chosen route.
Most routes require a specific set of colored cards to claim them. Locomotives can always act as a stand-in for any given color (See example 1)
Routes that are Gray can be claimed using a set of cards of any one color (See example 2).
When a route is claimed, the player places one of his plastic trains on each of the spaces of the route. All the cards from the set used to claim the route are then discarded. The player then immediately records his Scoring Marker the appropriate nu ber of spaces along the Scoring Track, per the Route Scoring Table on page 7.

A player may claim any open route on the board. He is never required to connect to any of his previously played routes.
A route must be claimed in its entirety during a single turn. For example, you cannot lay two trains on a three-space route and wait for the next turn to lay the third train.
No more than one route may be claimed in a given player's turn.

## Double-Routes

Some cities are connected by Double-Routes. These are routes whose spaces are parallel and equal in number from one city to the other. One player can never claim both routes between the same cities during the course of the game.

Be aware of routes that are partially parallel to each other but are linked to different cities These are not double-routes.


## Tunnels

Tunnels are special routes that are easily identified by the special tunnel marks and outlines surrounding each of their spaces.
What makes a tunnel special is that a player is never quite certain just how long the route he is trying to claim will be!
When attempting to claim a Tunnel route, a player first lays down the number of cards required by the length of the route. Then the three top cards from the Train draw pile are turned face-up. For each card revealed whose color matches the color of the cards played to claim the Tunnel, an additional card of the same color (or a Locomotive) must now be played from his hand. Only then can the player successfully claim
the Tunnel route. the Tunnel route.
If the player does not have enough additional Train cards of the matching color (or does not wish to play them), he may take all his cards back in his hand, and his turn ends.
 Remember that Locomotives are multi-colored wild cards. As such, any Locomotive card drawn from the top of the Train draw pile during an attempt to go through a tunnel will automatically match the color of the train cards played on the route, and force the player to play an additional card.
If a player attempts to go through a Tunnel using Locomotive cards exclusively, he will only have to play additional cards (which must be additional Locomotives in this case) if Locomotives show up among the three cards drawn for the Tunnel.
In the rare event there are not enough cards available in the draw and discard piles to reveal 3 cards and determine the effect of the tunnel on a player, then only those cards that are available are revealed. If, as a result of players hoarding cards, there are none to be revealed, a tunnel can be claimed without risking additional cards.


## DRALING DESTIMATION TICKETS

A player can use his turn to draw additional Destination Ticket cards. To do so, he draws three new cards from the top of the Destination Ticket Deck. If there are less than three Destination Tickets left in the deck, the player only draws the cards that are available.
A player drawing Tickets must keep at least one of them, but may choose to keep two, or all three. Any drawn Ticket not kept in hand is placed at the bottom of the Destination Ticket Deck. Tickets drawn and not immediately discarded must be kept until the end of the game. They cannot be discarded during a later Ticket draw.
The cities listed on a Destination Ticket represent travel goals for the player; they can result in a bonus or a penalty. If, by the end of the game, a player has created a continuous path of his color plastic trains between the two cities named on a Destination Ticket he holds, he scores the additional points indicated by the Point Value on the Ticket. If he has failed to complete a continuous path between those cities, he deducts the Point Value on the Ticket from his total score.


Destination Tickets are kept secret from other players until the game's final scoring. A player may have any

## Bullding a train station

A Train Station allows its owner to use one, and only one, of the routes belonging to another player, into (or out of) that city to help him connect the cities on his Destination Tickets.
Stations may be built on any unoccupied city, even if it currently has no claimed routes into it. Two players may never build a Station in the same city.
Each player may build a maximum of one Station per turn, and three . Stations throughout the course of the game

To build his first Station, a player plays and discards one Train card from his hand, and places one of his colored Train Stations on the chosen city.To build a second Station, the player must play and discard a set of two cards of any one color; and to build his third, a set of three Train cards of any one color. As usual, you can replace any number of cards by Locomotives.


If a player uses the same Station to help connect cities on several different Tickests the same Station to help connect cities on several for which route he will use until the end of the game.

A player is never required to build any Stations. For each Station a player has not used, four points are added to his score at the end of the game.

## GAME END

When any one player's stock of colored plastic trains gets down to two trains or less at the end of his turn, each player, including that player, gets one final turn. The game then ends and players calculate their final scores.


## Calculating Scores

Players should have already accounted for the points they earned as they completed various routes. To make sure no mistakes were made, you may want to recount the points for each player's routes,
Players must then reveal all of their Destination Tickets. The value of successfully completed tickets is added to their total score. The value for any incomplete Tickets is deducted from their total score.

Remember that each Station played allows its owner to use one (and only one) rout belonging to another player into that City for the purpose of completing a Destina tion he.. fo player uses the same Stafion to help connect cities on the paths of several different Destination Tickets, ust use he satio for Tick Ot ity with the Station for all Tickets.

Add to the score of each player four points for each unplayed Station they still have in reserve
Finally, give the 10 point bonus for the European Express to the player(s) who have ngest Continuous Path on When evaluating and comparing path len-
ths, only take into account continuous lines of plastic trains of the same color. A continuous path may include oops, and pass through the same city several times, but a given plastic train may never be used twice in the same continuous path. Stations, and the opponents' routes they may provide access to, do not count for the purpose of computing paths and claiming the longest one. If several players are tied for the longest path, they each receive the 10 point bonus from the European Express card.

The player with the most points wins the game. If two or more players are tied with the most points, the player who has completed the most Destination Tickets is the winner. If still tied, the player who used the least num ber of Stations is declared the winner. In the unlikely event players are still tied, the player with the European Express bonus card wins


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## CREDITS

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Geographical Note: We strove to accurately represent the political boundaries of Europe in 1901 and preserve the cities' common name in their local language at the time.
For gameplay purposes however, we were forced to slightly adjust the position of certain cities on the map.

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